



Programme Area: Smart Systems and Heat

Project: WP3 Business Model Development

Title: Business Model Game

Abstract:

The Business Model Game is an interactive toolkit for the creation, visualisation and optimisation of business models for low carbon heating technology in the residential energy sector. This pack of information allows users to create their own version of the game to use in a facilitated workshop.

Context:

The case for heat decarbonisation is widely acknowledged, with studies showing that it is more cost effective to tackle CO2 emissions from buildings than cutting more deeply in other sectors. The real challenge is establishing new heating solutions that substantially remove natural gas use from homes whilst making the solutions financially viable and attractive to consumers. Around 20,000 homes each week will need new heating system installations between 2025 and 2050 to meet decarbonisation targets; a rate fifty times greater than achieved to date. The current market will not deliver at scale for residential low carbon heat transition given: unappealing consumer propositions, a fragmented industry structure, a lack economic drivers and need for holistic policy framework. The Energy Technology Institute commissioned the Energy Systems Catapult to deliver a business model development project to develop a number of specific business propositions that could stimulate new thinking for models to be introduced into the market from just before 2020 through to the late 2020's.

Disclaimer: The Energy Technologies Institute is making this document available to use under the Energy Technologies Institute Open Licence for Materials. Please refer to the Energy Technologies Institute website for the terms and conditions of this licence. The Information is licensed 'as is' and the Energy Technologies Institute excludes all representations, warranties, obligations and liabilities in relation to the Information to the maximum extent permitted by law. The Energy Technologies Institute is not liable for any errors or omissions in the Information and shall not be liable for any loss, injury or damage of any kind caused by its use. This exclusion of liability includes, but is not limited to, any direct, indirect, special, incidental, consequential, punitive, or exemplary damages in each case such as loss of revenue, data, anticipated profits, and lost business. The Energy Technologies Institute does not guarantee the continued supply of the Information. Notwithstanding any statement to the contrary contained on the face of this document, the Energy Technologies Institute confirms that it has the right to publish this document.

An interactive toolkit for the creation, visualisation and optimisation of business models for low carbon technology in the residential energy sector





"a clean, intelligent, energy system that works for people, communities and businesses"



The components of the toolkit

- Key Component Module decks
 - Each of the 9 Key Component Modules is identified by a colour
 - For each Component Modules there are up to [12] Sub-Modules
 - Each Sub-Module is represented by a rectangular coloured card (there is the option of having its detailed description on the back)

Enabler cards

Theses hexagonal cards are represented by a colour linked to the Enabler category

Playing Board

 An A3 or A2 sheet or card printed with zones onto which the Sub-Module and Enabler cards are placed.

Game Guide

 This explains the rules of the game and provides detailed explanations of the Sub-Module elements and Enablers provided in the toolkit.



How to use the toolkit to create business models

- 1. Define **the business model objective** to focus the thinking of the team
 - e.g. in the case of the Business Models project it was to provide a compelling proposition for the rapid uptake of low carbon heating in the private, rented and social housing sectors within the UK
- 2. **Lay down the cards and playing board**: the Module cards and the Enabler Cards on a large table such that they are all visible to the participants
- 3. Where participants are unfamiliar with the meaning and scope of all the Modules and Enablers, the activity leader should talk through the main Module and Enabler categories and explain briefly the meaning of each Module Sub-Element.
- 4. Once the team members understand the business model objective and the range of Modules and Enablers that can be used the process of **creating a business model can s**tart.
- 5. Whilst the choice of Modules and Enablers is a matter for the team, for residential energy business models it is strongly recommended that cards from the following key component decks **must** be used:
 - 1. Willingness to Pay in order to force thinking from the team as to how a solution's value can be sold or built into a model
 - 2. Financing Options all business models need these
 - 3. Efficiency / Effectiveness addresses the objective of reducing carbon and energy use versus status quo
- 6. In addition, it is strongly recommended to **enhance any business model** idea by **using at least one card** from each main Module deck.
- 7. When placing the cards, select the zone on the playing board that relates to the timing and the necessity of the module elements. A core business model idea can be shown to evolve over time or have add-on variants for market sub-sectors or client customisation.
- 8. Identify where **Enablers** are required to enhance of facilitate a business model
- 9. Note that there is the option, if new ideas for Modules or Enablers arise, to **write on the blank cards** of the appropriate colour (provided) and place them on the playing board.
- **Debate and modify the business model** as a team and once the model is fixed, **photograph** it for future transcribing into a presentable form or canvas.



Materials for creating your own toolkit

Card Deck - Marketing



SERVICE BUNDLING

C1

Low Level - Bundling of Home services (without assets)

SERVICE BUNDLING

C2

Med Level - Bundling of asset with energy supply for defined comfort or other output

SERVICE BUNDLING

C3

High Level - Incorporate all other key house utilities (water, phone, insurance)

SERVICE BUNDLING

C4

Extra High Level -Incorporation of local taxation / rates

BROKERING

G1

Competitive sourcing for user to act on

BROKERING

G2

Competitive sourcing automatic linked to obligation of provider

BROKERING G3

Collective switching

BROKERING G4

Opt-out option for collective schemes

BROKERING

G5

Single collective supplier acting on social housing behalf

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

Improved peace of mind including predictability of bill

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

H2

Approved contractors providing confidence to consumer

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

H3 Early adopters become part of an exclusive club

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

H4

Making the idea of investing in low carbon home aspirational & a good things for them

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

Moving to concept of better comfort & outcomes

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

H6

Provision of turnkey service & removal of hassle for householder

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

H7

Being part of a community initiative / member of club

WILLINGNESS TO PAY H8

Property is more appealing to rent

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

Н9

Accredited home wellbeing system design providers –full spec

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

H10 Recognising value for

money - greater transparency & understanding of offer

WILLINGNESS TO PAY

H11

Trusted design & selection assistance information source

BEHAVIOUR CHANGE

Encouraging & rewarding low energy use

BEHAVIOUR CHANGE

Encouraging behaviours that shift demand with new supply profiles

BEHAVIOUR CHANGE

13

Having to manage within agreed consumption limits

BEHAVIOUR CHANGE

14

Penalising excessive energy use



Card Deck – Monetisation & Financing

MONETISATION

Α1

Selling generation, storage or shift in small or aggregated volumes

MONETISATION

A2

Harvest consumption data to cross-sell, target advertising etc.

MONETISATION

Improve consumption forecasting to reduce imbalance costs

MONETISATION

Flexibility for electricity distributor to manage network constraints

MONETISATION

Monetising spare heat

MONETISATION

A6

Optimising heat power and storage with district heating system

FINANCING

B1

Crowd-sourcing webbased micro-lending

FINANCING

B2

Locally-driven Special Purpose Vehicle

FINANCING

B3

Local authority financed paid back via council tax

FINANCING

Pension Fund Allocation

FINANCING

B5 Local Venture Capital Funding

FINANCING B6

Lease / Service Bundling

FINANCING **B7**

Guarantee from income arising from FIT/RHI, Internalise Carbon etc

FINANCING

Adding investment cost to mortgage

FINANCING

В9

Preferential Discount from OEMs

FINANCING B10

Charity Donation to Fuel Poor

FINANCING

B11

Pay back via higher rent (vs savings)

FINANCING B12

Cash contribution option from householder

FINANCING

B13

Levy on property - paid back on sale (LA loan facilitated)



Asset Utilisation Card Deck

ASSET UTILISATION D1

Utilising spare heat from adjacent commercial/industrial buildings

ASSET UTILISATION D2

Sharing heating / cooling asset between buildings or dwellings

ASSET UTILISATION D3

Utilising heat from local power generation assets

ASSET UTILISATION D4

Utilising spare heat from servers

ASSET UTILISATION

D5 Larger assets with shared use - better utilisation & lower capex

ASSET UTILISATION
D6
Domestic asset owned
& operated as a service

ASSET UTILISATION

D7
Pay by the hour/ B2B
system to power or
combined heat &
power unit operator

Deck

HIGHER EFFICIENCY

E1 Reducing thermal losses via improved insulation

HIGHER EFFICIENCY E2

Improved home controls

HIGHER EFFICIENCY

E3
Ventilation & heat
recovery (incl. optional
cooling in summer)

HIGHER EFFICIENCY

Low carbon efficient heating devices to provide for the home

HIGHER EFFICIENCY E5 Power storage system

HIGHER EFFICIENCY E6 High efficiency community heat & power system

HIGHER EFFICIENCY E7 Heat storage system

HIGHER EFFICIENCY E7 Rebuild home to zero carbon specification

Deck

LEAN SUPPLY CHAIN

F1 overnmen

LA's, government & home service Cos pooling purchasing to equipment vendors

LEAN SUPPLY CHAIN

F2

Standardisation & simplification of most common low carbon solution hardware

LEAN SUPPLY CHAIN

F3

Pre-fabrication of insulation etc. offsite (such as house blanket)

LEAN SUPPLY CHAIN

F4

Reducing installation time & cost via standardisation

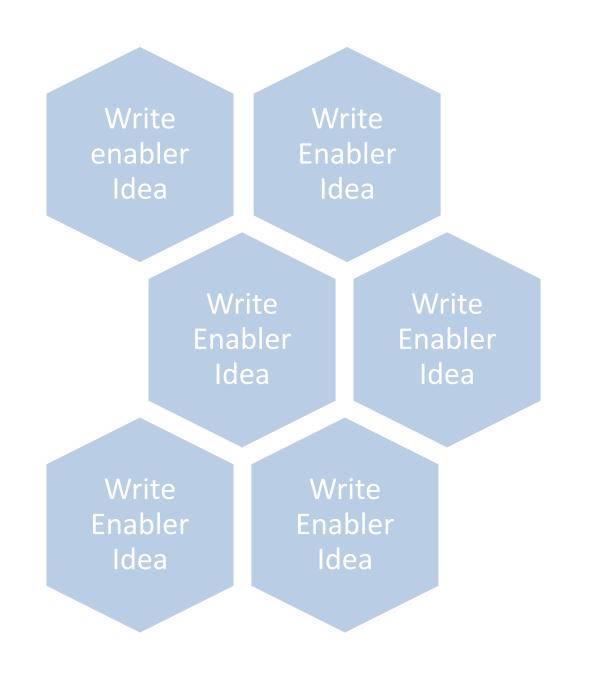
LEAN SUPPLY CHAIN

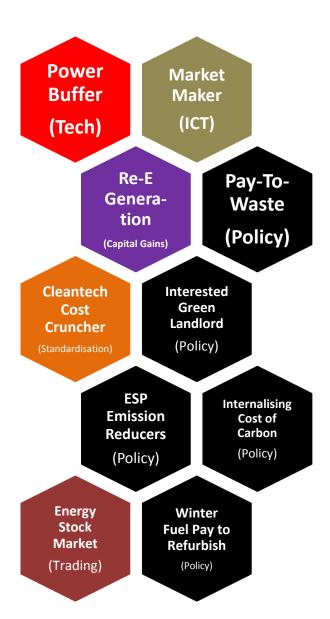
F5

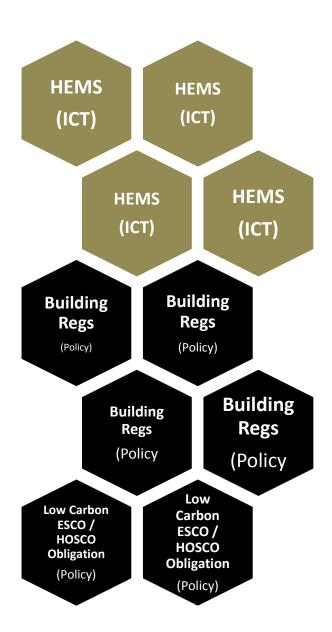
Standardising efficiency & reliability assessment

Enabler Cards











Playing Board Template

 $\mathsf{TIME} \, \text{-} \to$

		I IIVIL - —	
CORE	IMMEDIATE CORE	MID – TERM ADDITIONAL CORE	MID – TERM ADDITIONAL CORE
ADDS	IMMEDIATE SECTOR SPECIFIC ADD-ONS	MID – TERM SECTOR-SPECIFIC ADD-ONS	LONG-TERM SECTOR-SPECIFIC ADD-ONS





Developing Low Carbon Business Models

An interactive toolkit for the creation, visualisation and optimisation of business models for low carbon heating technology in the residential energy sector.











The components of the toolkit

Key Component Module Decks

- Each of the 9 Key Component Modules is identified by a colour.
- For each Component Modules there are up to 12 Sub-Modules.
- Each Sub-Module is represented by a rectangular coloured card.



Enabler Cards

 Theses hexagonal cards are represented by a colour linked to the Enabler category.



Playing Board

 A playing board with zones onto which the Sub-Module and Enabler cards are placed.

Game Guide

 This explains the rules of the game and provides detailed explanations of the Sub-Module elements and Enablers provided in the toolkit.

How to use the toolkit to create business models

- 1. Define the business model objective to focus the thinking of the team. e.g. to provide a compelling proposition for the rapid uptake of low carbon heating in the private, rented and social housing sectors within the UK.
- Lay down the cards and playing board: the Module cards and the Enabler Cards on a large table such that they are all visible to the participants.
- Where participants are unfamiliar with the meaning and scope of all the Modules and Enablers, the activity leader should talk through the main Module and Enabler categories and explain briefly the meaning of each Module Sub-Element.
- Once the team members understand the business model objective and the range of Modules and Enablers that can be used, the process of creating a business model can start.
- 5. Whilst the choice of Modules and Enablers is a matter for the team, for residential energy business models it is strongly recommended that cards from the following key component decks **should** be used:
 - Willingness to Pay in order to force thinking from the team as to how
 a solution's value can be sold or built into a model
 - Financing Options all business models need these
 - Efficiency / Effectiveness addresses the objective of reducing carbon and energy use versus status quo.
- It is strongly recommended that at least one card from each main Module deck is used to improve the business model.
- 7. When placing the cards, select the zone on the playing board that relates to the timing and the necessity of the module elements. A core business model idea can be shown to evolve over time or have add-on variants for market sub-sectors or client customisation.
- 8. Identify where Enablers are required to enhance or facilitate a business model.
- Note that there is the option, if new ideas for Modules or Enablers arise, to write on the blank cards of the appropriate colour (provided) and place them on the playing board.
- **10. Debate and modify the business model** as a team and once the model is fixed, **photograph** it for future transcription into a presentable form or canvas.



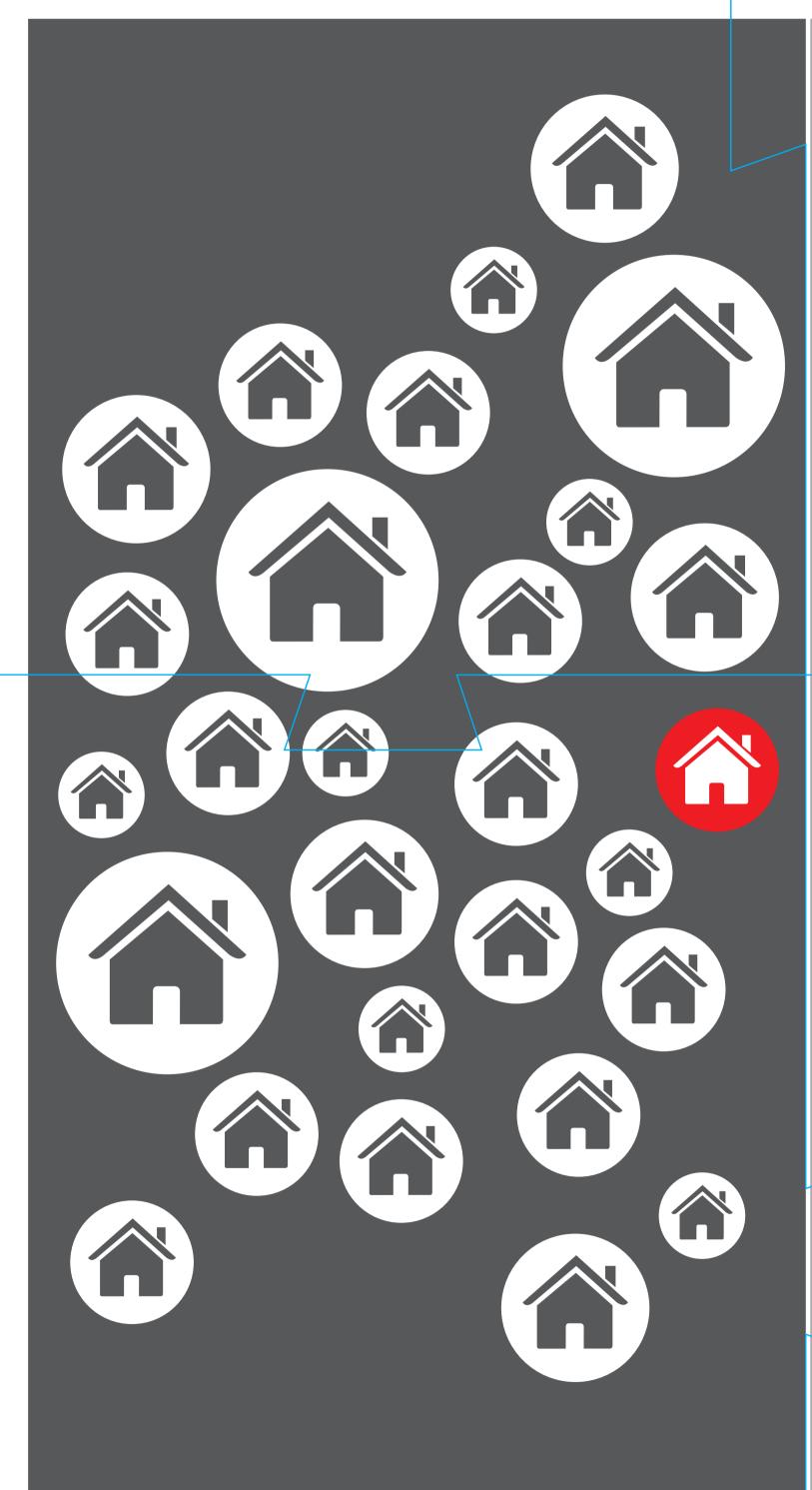
Developing Low Carbon Business Models



Immediate Core

Mid-Term Additional Core

Long-Term
Additional Core







Immediate Sector Specific Add-ons

Mid-Term
Sector Specific Add-ons

Long-Term
Sector Specific Add-ons



Developing Low Carbon Business Models

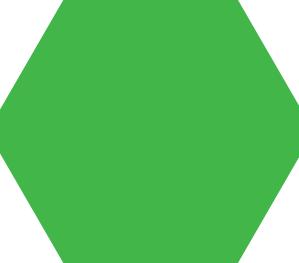
An interactive toolkit for the creation, visualisation and optimisation of business models for low carbon heating technology in the residential energy sector.



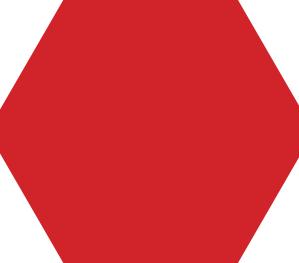
Novel Financing



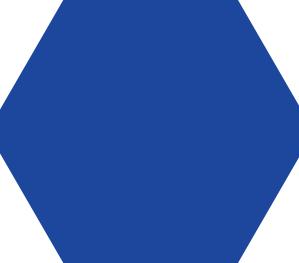
Technical Standards

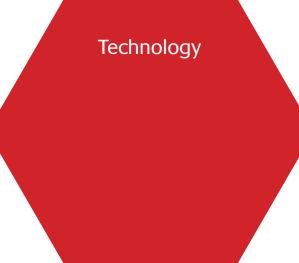


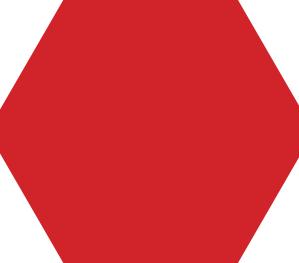
Trading Markets

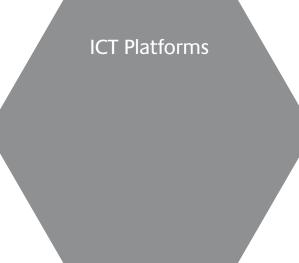


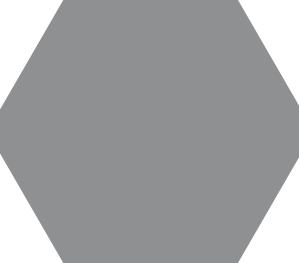












ICT Platforms

BROADBAND PROVISION (SOCIAL HOUSING SECTOR)

broadband to the home (by authority or private sector) comfort & well-being.



Home Energy Management Systems for homes to support monitoring and control of comfort in the

most efficiency way.

ICT Platforms

MARKET **MAKER - PLATFORM** FOR SHARING AND **UTILISING HOME** DATA

FN-ICT-

Using home energy and other data relating to operation of the home that could be used by service providers to offer benefits to customers.

CARBON REDUCTION OBLIGATION ON PROVIDER

The home service provider (of the new business model) is obliged, as a condition of its licence to operate, to reduce the carbon intensity of the home or its portfolio of homes in line

with long-term targets.

MORTGAGE OR LOAN TAX RELIEF FOR ENERGY **EFFICIENT** REFURBISHMENT

Provision of enhanced tax relief to home owners or landlords who invest capital in improving the energy efficiency of the home and the well-being of its residents.

FOR ENERGY SUPPLY

The ability for new service providers to offer energy and services without prohibitive regulations (e.g. offering comfort-level

contracts versus those against kWh usage).

CONSUMER PROTECTION FOR NEW SERVICE CONTRACTS

Protection of consumers so that they are protected against poor service or abuse or market position when signing up for long-term contracts that may be a feature of new business models.

INTERNALISING THE COST OF CARBON

Applying the cost of carbon to new energy devices and energy supply to the home. For example this will mean applying the cost of carbon to gas supply and boilers and perhaps a balancing of environmental charges between gas and electricity.

BUILDING **REGULATIONS -**MAINTENANCE OF STRICT EFFICIENCY **STANDARDS**

Applying tighter requirements on the efficiency of new and refurbished homes such that there is a compulsion to invest in a low carbon home (via a business model).

PENSION FUND ALLOCATION TO HOME IMPROVEMENT

Homeowners are able to use pension contributions to fund home improvements against recovery in the future via lower household

eneray bills.

ESP EMISSIONS OBLIGATIONS FLEXIBILITY

The Energy Service Provider is allowed to use a wider range of methods than currently permitted to meet its

emissions obligations.

WINTER FUEL ALLOWANCE INVESTMENT INTO REFURBISHMENT

Using the universally applied winter fuel payments to support the renovation of poor housing stock and to guarantee minimum levels

of well-being.

Technical Standards

CLEANTECH COST CRUNCHER

EN-STA-1

Using specification standardisation, investment in more efficient manufacture in high volumes and direct channels to market in order to simplify and reduce the cost

of new low carbon heating

Technical Standards

STANDARDS REVIEW FOLLOWING DEMONSTRATION

EN-STA-2

Reassessment of heating system standards and performance following initial period of trial such that improvements can be incorporated into the next wave of devices and the lifecycle costs of heating systems can be accurately determined.

Technical Standards

COMMON SET OF APPLIANCE SELECTION / **EFFICIENCY TOOLS**

EN-STA-3

publishing for all homeowners accurate and impartial guidelines on home efficiency improvements, best combinations of enhancements. appliance ratings, accredited pricing benchmarks.

Technical Standards

ACCREDITED HOME WELLBEING SYSTEM DESIGN PROVIDERS

EN-STA-4

A network of specialist companies able to offer impartial advice and determine the most cost effective interventions for the home covering insulation. heating technology, controls, other home renovations and energy provider and financing options.

Technology IMPROVED & MORE COST-**EFFECTIVE POWER** STORAGE SYSTEMS (POWER **BUFFER)** EN-TEC-1

The application of new battery technology to be

The application of new battery technology to be installed in the home to allow demand-side response and back-up in the home.

Trading Markets

ENERGY STOCK MARKET

EN-TRA-1

An energy trading market that applies to the general public or small commercial enterprises whereby small demand shifts, generation or storage assets can be

Efficiency / Effectiveness

VENTILATION &
HEAT RECOVERY
(INCLUDING
SUMMER COOLING
OPTION)

Energy Monetisation

DEMAND-SIDE MANAGEMENT, GENERATION & STORAGE

Energy Monetisation

HARVEST
CONSUMPTION
DATA TO CROSSSELL, TARGET
ADVERTISING ETC.

Energy Monetisation

IMPROVE
CONSUMPTION
FORECAST TO
REDUCE
IMBALANCE
COSTS

algorithms within homes that in aggregate provide much

consumption for DNOs.

Energy Monetisation

FLEXIBILITY FOR ELECTRICITY DISTRIBUTOR TO MANAGE NETWORK CONSTRAINTS

Energy Monetisation

MONETISING SPARE HEAT

Homes/buildings that have spare heat as a by-product or because of large capacity could be sold to adjacent buildings or via a local heat network.

Energy Monetisation

OPTIMISING HEAT, POWER & STORAGE WITH DISTRICT HEATING SYSTEM

Optimising the utilisation, control and balance of different heating, power generation and consuming assets to reduce the overall costs of supplying a locality.

Energy Monetisation

Blank for other means by which the use of assets can generate value, which can be used to reduce costs of running the home or produce an income stream for the householder or provider.

Energy Monetisation

Blank for other means by which the use of assets can generate value, which can be used to reduce costs of running the home or produce an income stream for the householder or provider.

CROWD SOURCING OF FINANCING FOR NEW HEATING SYSTEMS

Web-based portal bringing together funding from small companies or general public to fund heating / home improvements for those lacking the capital.

CHARITABLE
DONATIONS
TOWARDS
FUEL POOR
RENOVATIONS

A scheme whereby the public can make gifts directed at renovations of poor housing stock or improvements in heating for the poor - either nationally or locally.

PAY BACK
OF FABRIC
IMPROVEMENT/
NEW HEATING
SYSTEMS VIA
HIGHER RENTS

Tenants paying higher rents in exchange for having

refurbished heating / homes that result in lower energy

bills.

PART CASH
CONTRIBUTION
OPTION FROM
HOUSEHOLDER /
HOME OWNER

Simple cash payment as is the current practice. Option to tailor down-payment according to available capital as is typical for car financing schemes.

LEVY ON
PROPERTY PAID BACK
ON SALE
(LA FACILITATED)

The local authority or other financing body pays for the heating system and the money is recovered via a charge on the property (akin to equity release).

STAMP DUTY REDUCTION FOR REDUCING ENERGY USE

Stamp Duty becomes linked to energy efficiency of home. Upon purchase the new homeowner can carry out refurbishment, improving the energy efficiency band and reducing cost of home purchase.

MORTGAGE OR LOAN TAX RELIEF FOR ENERGY EFFICIENT REFURBISHMENT

Linked to a policy change, the ability to offset loan interest against taxable profits for landlords when the capital is used to improve energy efficiency and well-being within the home.

LOCALLY-DRIVEN SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHICLE FUNDED BY COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

SPV to fund a range of local energy efficiency and

and assets.

well-being interventions

FINANCED; PAID BACK THROUGH COUNCIL TAX

For less well-off sectors whereby the local authority pays for the home improvement or new heating system and claims back over a period via increased council tax against the property.

PENSION FUND ALLOCATION

Homeowners are able to use pension contributions to fund home improvements which are recovered in future via

lower household energy bills.

Blank for other means of financing low carbon home interventions including heating systems, insulation, controls and home renovations.

Blank for other means of financing low carbon home interventions including heating systems, insulation, controls and home renovations.

Novel Financing

LOCAL **AUTHORITY** VENTURE CAPITAL FUNDING (COMMERCIAL RATE?)

The local authority creates a local fund to support new local businesses to provide low cost heat & power or supporting services.

Novel Financing

LEASE / SERVICE BUNDLE FINANCING

Smoothing the capital cost of the asset and its installation via a premium on monthly energy bills over a 5-10 year period. This may include servicing too.

Novel Financing

FINANCING GUARANTEED BY INCOME FROM SAVINGS OR FIT/RHI

Using the known income stream from the FIT or RHI or energy savings stream recovery to fully or part-finance the home improvement or new heating system.

Novel Financing

FINANCE ADDED TO MORTGAGE

Putting the cost of a home

improvement, new heating

system etc. on the mortgage over a 25 year term.

Novel Financing

DISCOUNT OR
SUBSIDY FROM
HARDWARE
MANUFACTURER
WHO BENEFITS
FROM INITIATIVE

Appliance OEMs offering discounts in exchange for support by LA or developers in seeding the market and establishing a track-record for its brand.

Service Bundling

LOW LEVEL HEAT & POWER & SERVICE

Combining electricity, gas

and service of the heating appliance in a single fixed monthly bill.

Service Bundling

MEDIUM LEVEL HEAT & POWER & FULL APPLIANCE PACKAGE

Combining electricity, gas,

& service of the heating appliance in a single fixed monthly bill.

installation, capital cost

Service Bundling

HIGH LEVEL ALL HEAT &
POWER SERVICES
PLUS OTHER
UTILITIES

hardware and servicing together with all other home

Combining all energy,

telecoms and water).

together with all other home utilities (including insurance,

Service Bundling

COMPLETE INCLUDING ALL LOCAL TAXES

the home (except house repairs) and including local

Covering all charges to run

council taxes.

Service Bundling

Blank for other concepts that

Blank for other concepts that could apply to the bundling of services to the home to ease risk, administrative burden and budgetary worries for the householder.

Service Bundling

Blank for other concepts that

Blank for other concepts that could apply to the bundling of services to the home to ease risk, administrative burden and budgetary worries for the householder.

Asset Utilisation

UTILISING SPARE
HEAT FROM
ADJACENT NONRESIDENTIAL
PREMISES

Using a local heat network to exploit surplus or non-business hours heat to provide comfort at lower capital and operating costs to homes.

Asset Utilisation

SHARING HEATING / COOLING ASSET

Reducing the cost of capital investment by sharing a heating system between several properties; on the basis that in many cases a heating asset's utilisation is low and with smart controls its running hours could be increased.

Asset Utilisation

UTILISING WASTE HEAT FROM LOCAL POWER GENERATION

heat from CHP units is utilised for homes in the neighbourhood.

A common approach whereby

Asset Utilisation

UTILISING SPARE HEAT FROM DISTRIBUTED SERVERS

A niche business model module that has been adopted in some parts of Europe whereby a home hosts a server and in exchange benefits from the waste heat.

Asset Utilisation

DOMESTIC
HEATING
(& POWER) ASSET
OWNED &
OPERATED AS A
SERVICE

Single small or larger communal heating systems are procured.

Asset Utilisation

PAY-BY-THE-HOUR **B2B MODEL TO POWER OR** COMBINED HEAT & POWER UNIT **OPERATOR**

A contractual arrangement between a heat supplier and a heat producer facilitating an hourly price for a level of heat supplied. Energy centre performance and risks sits with heat producer. Domestic customers could have a proposition based on the same principle.

Asset Utilisation

Blank for other concepts

for improved utilisation of

heating / power assets to reduce capital cost and opex.

Asset Utilisation

Blank for other concepts

for improved utilisation of heating / power assets to

reduce capital cost and opex.

REDUCING THERMAL LOSSES THROUGH IMPROVED INSULATION

Installation of insulation in

the home which may include external, internal or cavity

wall insulation, loft insulation and double glazing.

IMPROVED HOME CONTROLS

Using new generation

smart controls to optimise heating comfort, control and efficiency in the home.

VENTILATION & HEAT RECOVERY (INCLUDING **SUMMER** COOLING **OPTION)**

Installation of efficient fresh air ventilation with stale air heat recovery (and the potential of cooling when

potential of cooling when using heat pumps) to improve air quality, comfort and efficiency of keeping house

warm.

LOWER CARBON & MORE EFFICIENT HEATING DEVICES TO PROVIDE HEAT IN THE HOME

efficient low carbon heating thereby lowering energy

costs, carbon and perhaps increasing comfort.

Installation of improved

POWER STORAGE SYSTEM

The installation in the home of a battery or other power storage device that allows storage of power generated on site or storage of power supplied to the home for

demand shift, power security and possible monetisation.

HIGH EFFICIENCY COMMUNITY HEAT & POWER SYSTEM

The installation in the home or a local grouping of homes of a high efficiency heat and power system that can

of a high efficiency heat and power system that can provide low cost and low carbon heat and power to the homes, with the potential for export to the grid.

HEAT STORAGE SYSTEM

Installation of a home heat storage device to allow smoothing of demand on a heating system, thereby reducing its size or cost or improving operating strategy. In addition a heat storage system can be used to smooth power demand, reducing cost and network capacity requirements.

Plank for other concents that

Blank for other concepts that could improve the efficiency

or effectiveness of home heating and power use.

Plank for other concents that

Blank for other concepts that could improve the efficiency

or effectiveness of home heating and power use.

Lean Supply Chain

LAs. GOV'T & HOME SERVICE COMPANIES **POOLING PURCHASING** TO EQUIPMENT **VENDORS**

Local authorities, government or accredited providers pooling purchasing power & adopting direct channels to **OEM**, thereby dramatically reducing costs of low carbon heating systems and their installation.

Lean Supply Chain

STANDARDISING LOW CARBON HEATING SOLUTIONS

Creating a UK or EU-wide standard size and format for low carbon heating systems to reduce unnecessary variety, drive competitive sourcing and simplify specification for retrofits and new homes.

Lean Supply Chain

LOW COST PRE-FABRICATED HOME UPGRADES

Off-site / pre-fabrication of insulation, ventilation and new heating system upgrades in the home whereby manufacturing costs and expensive on-site assembly times are reduced dramatically.

Lean Supply Chain

INSTALLATION SIMPLIFICATION & STANDARDISATION

Standardising connection, installation and commissioning approaches for new heating systems such that there is far less variety in skills, equipment and fitting hardware; thereby reducing the cost and risks of poor quality of installation.

Lean Supply Chain

STANDARD EFFICIENCY. RELIABILITY & LIFETIME ASSESSMENT FOR **NEW HEATING/ CLEANTECH DEVICES**

Standard efficiency, reliability

& lifetime assessment for new heating / cleantech devices.

Lean Supply Chain

Blank card for new concepts that will make the supply chain more efficient resulting in lower costs and faster deployment of low carbon technologies in the home.

Lean Supply Chain

Blank card for new concepts that will make the supply chain more efficient resulting in lower costs and faster deployment of low carbon technologies in the home.

Energy Brokering

COMPETITIVE **SOURCING** -MANUAL -**BEST DEAL FOUND FOR USER TO ACT ON**

DIY brokering, supported via easy reference tools or price comparison sites, so that the homeowner can establish the best providers for a bundled service which may include assets, home improvements and service.

Energy Brokering

COMPETITIVE SOURCING AUTOMATIC LINKED TO OBLIGATION OF PROVIDER

The sourcing of best deals for each element of the utility offering is done by the provider, which uses its purchasing power and selection tools to effect the optimal package.

Energy Brokering

COLLECTIVE SWITCHING

A co-ordinated initiative at the local level, aided by a local authority or charity, to negotiate better terms for many households simultaneously.

Energy Brokering

OPTION TO OPT OUT OF BROKERING SERVICE

This option will be required to allow reverting back to selfselection.

Energy Brokering

SINGLE COLLECTIVE SUPPLIER ACTING ON COMMUNITY SCHEME BEHALF

Supplier representing the interests of consumers who are signed up to a community scheme. The supplier will source energy from market participants that best aligns to the overall needs of the community scheme.

Energy Brokering

Blank card for new ideas that will ensure the homeowner achieve the best deals for provision of well-being in the home and with the minimum of hassle.

Energy Brokering

Blank card for new ideas that will ensure the homeowner achieve the best deals for provision of well-being in the home and with the minimum of hassle.

IMPROVED PEACE OF MIND I.E. PREDICTABILITY OF BILL

Taking away the worry of

variable or surprise bills or very costly emergency repairs

of boilers etc.

SELLING THE VALUE FOR MONEY

benefits of well-being (health, comfort, security, reliability) are sold to the consumer.

Improving the way the

DESIGN &
SELECTION
INFORMATION
SOURCES /
TOOLS FOR
HOMEOWNERS

Increasing trust and understanding (and therefore commitment to act) via the supply of objective and authoritative guides on how home interventions work. their benefits and how they can be implemented and

providers chosen.

of perceived value that can be used to sell or support a new

Blank card for other sources

proposition.

energy / well-being service

of perceived value that can be used to sell or support a new

Blank card for other sources

proposition.

energy / well-being service

APPROVED
CONTRACTORS
- PROVIDING
CONFIDENCE TO
CONSUMER

A scheme that provides a choice of regulated providers offering up the new business models and installing new heating systems or insulation etc.

EARLY ADOPTERS BECOME PART OF AN EXCLUSIVE CLUB

Increasing the allure of investing in your home - aimed at better off

investing in your home
- aimed at better off
homeowners - whereby they
become members of an early
adopter community and have
access to special events and
involvement in the energy
efficiency movement.

MAKING THE IDEA OF INVESTING **IN LOW** CARBON HOME **ASPIRATIONAL AND** SEEN TO BE A GOOD THING TO DO

Changing the way home

Changing the way home improvements and heating are marketed so that they become akin to investments in kitchens and bathrooms. Moving away from a focus on the technology and kWh to the value of the outcomes.

PROVISION OF TURNKEY SERVICE AND REMOVAL OF HASSLE

to customer where multiple supply chain delivery partners are required.

Single face and engagement

BEING PART OF A COMMUNITY SCHEME

Tapping into the value that people are willing t

that people are willing to attribute to having a trusted local energy/heating brand that appears to act in their interests and support the community.

PROPERTY SEEN BY LANDLORD AS BECOMING MORE ATTRACTIVE TO RENT

The landlord, by investing money in new heating systems that improve the comfort, aesthetics and well-being of residents, can

capture higher rent values.

ACCREDITED HOME WELLBEING SYSTEM DESIGN PROVIDERS

Homeowners attach a premium to trusted providers the brand premium. The willingness to pay will be higher if the installers and new business model providers have a track record of quality and acting in the consumers' best interests.

ENCOURAGING & REWARDING LOW ENERGY USE

Providing rewards for trends in low energy use - could be

via Nectar or similar schemes.

ENCOURAGING BEHAVIOURS THAT SHIFT DEMAND WITH NEW SUPPLY PROFILES

Via HEMS or other form of notification, consumers could be incentivised to reduce energy demand during peak periods, thereby reducing carbon via lower demand on peaking power assets.

HAVING TO MANAGE WITHIN SELF-IMPOSED USAGE LIMITS

A set of control bands in the

supply contract which align to the fixed monthly payment. Going under could create carry-over credits; going over could be rolled over or incur a premium on the bill.

PENALISING EXCESSIVE ENERGY USE

A tariff system whereby pricing per kWh escalates with use, rising to very high levels where consumption is excessive for the house. This creates an incentive to invest in energy efficiency or change behaviour.

Blank card for other ideas that

could help drive behaviour of the householder to improve

energy efficiency at home or national level.

Blank card for other ideas that

could help drive behaviour of the householder to improve

energy efficiency at home or national level.