Project ID	DIP047	DIP047			
Long Title	Heat Smart Ork	Heat Smart Orkney			
Short Title					
Keywords	Storage; Power Microgrids; Der	Community; Rural; Domestic; Electricity; Heat; Wind; Thermal Storage; Power Quality & Grid Integration; Smart Grids; Microgrids; Demand Response; LV Grid Monitoring; Smart Devices; Social Impacts;			
Location (Town, Region, Country)	Rousay	Orkney	Scotland		
Latitude and Longitude	59.15N	1	3.02W		
OSGB code	HY 41 29	HY 41 29			
Status	Complete	Complete			
Start Date	2014	2014			
End Date	2016	2016			
Description	year, and instea	Our turbine was turned off or "curtailed" by 25% over the last year, and instead of turning the turbine off, we want divert that lost power and use it locally.			
	better heating t Wyre, by enhan agrees to, and o	We want to use the curtailed energy to provide cheaper and/or better heating to local homes, initially in Rousay, Egilsay and Wyre, by enhancing the heating systems in any home that agrees to, and can take part in the project. We will then refund some of the running costs of those heaters.			
	measuring poin about to be cur local electrical or in participating will allow the turather than be sturbine is gener	By careful and continuous monitoring of the electricity grid measuring points, we aim to anticipate when our turbine is about to be curtailed, and we will automatically switch on a local electrical demand (space and domestic hot water heaters in participating homes). If this is done intelligently (smartly), it will allow the turbine to come back on or keep generating rather than be switched off, increasing the revenue that the turbine is generating, and providing more income for our community fund.			
	version of the of technology that their user network proposed dome grid capacity curestablished and technical trials to However, we not prove that it can income and her continue independ of the trial.	The technology to do this is really just a more sophisticated version of the off-peak and Total Heating Total Control technology that SSE already use to reduce peak demand on their user network, however we are trialling control of the proposed domestic devices to coordinate with the times of local grid capacity currently switching off our turbines. We are using established and tested technologies and have also done technical trials to the satisfaction of the grid operator etc. However, we now need to do this on a large enough scale to prove that it can have the required impact on increasing turbine income and hence show that it can add up economically to continue independently and be self sustaining, after completion of the trial.  Linked to Mull Access Project			
Sectors	Domestic				

Funding Sources	Local Energy Challenge Fund	
Budget £	£954,950	
Partners	Rousay, Egilsay and Wyre Development Trust, Heat Smart Orkney, Community Energy Scotland, VCharge	
Energy vectors	Electricity, Heat	
Scale (lab/site/ small/community/region/national)	Community	
Technologies demonstrated	LV grid monitoring, smart controls, demand response devices, thermal storage, microgrids, wind	
Economic models demonstrated	Time-of-use tariffs, new commercial models, fuel poverty alleviation	
Other concepts demonstrated	Demand response, grid constraint mitigation, generation- demand matching	
Industry engagement		
Consumer engagement		
Project Reports (incl. links)	https://www.localenergy.scot/media/94663/GCF138-Heat- Smart-Orkney-Final-Report.pdf	
Datasets (incl. links)		
Website/social media	http://rewdt.org/index.php?link=hsoAbout&name=HSO	
Information sources	https://www.localenergy.scot/funding/local-energy-challenge-fund/capital-demonstration-projects/round-2-2016/heat-smart-orkney/	